

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN RE RELAFEN ANTITRUST LITIGATION)) Master File) No. 01-CV-12239-WGY)
STATE OF MARYLAND, <u>et al.</u> ,) 04 11726 WGY
Plaintiffs)
v.)
SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORPORATION)
and)
SMITHKLINE BEECHAM PLC,)
Defendants.)

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") is made and entered by and between the following Parties as defined below: (i) Participating States and (ii) Defendants;

WHEREAS, in August 2004, Plaintiff States filed suit against defendants SmithKline Beecham Corporation, d/b/a GlaxoSmithKline ("GSK") and SmithKline Beecham, plc (hereafter collectively "Defendants") in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts and intend to file an Amended Complaint, a true and correct copy of which is attached as Exhibit A;

WHEREAS, Participating States have alleged that Defendants unlawfully obtained their patent protection for Relafen through fraud on the United States Patent and Trademark Office and unlawfully excluded generic competition through sham patent litigation against generic manufacturers, all in violation of section 2 of the Sherman Act and state antitrust and/or unfair

competition laws and Participating States have conducted an investigation relating to the claims and underlying events alleged in Participating States' initial and Amended Complaints and as a result, are familiar with the liability and damages aspects of the claims asserted therein;

WHEREAS, the Defendants contest the Participating States' initial and Amended Complaint and allegations therein and contend instead that the '639 patent was properly and lawfully obtained from the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office and properly asserted against generic nabumetone producers;

WHEREAS, as a result of arms-length negotiations, the Parties have determined that it is in their mutual best interests to resolve the dispute to avoid the expense, delay, and uncertainty of protracted and complex antitrust litigation;

NOW, THEREFORE, WITNESSETH, this Agreement is intended by the Parties to fully, finally, and forever resolve, discharge, and settle the Released Claims, as defined herein upon and subject to the terms and conditions set forth below. This Agreement is without admission or concession by any Party as to the merit of the Parties' respective positions or as to any alleged violation of law.

I. DEFINITIONS

As used in this Agreement, the following shall have the meanings specified below:

(a) "Court" means the Honorable William G. Young, or if he is unavailable, another judge of the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts.

(b) "Defendants" means SmithKline Beecham Corporation, d/b/a GlaxoSmithKline and SmithKline Beecham plc.

(c) “Effective Date” means 45 days after the date this Agreement is signed by authorized representatives for Defendants and State Liaison Counsel.

(d) “Final Order” means the Stipulated Order of Dismissal attached as Exhibit B to this Agreement.

(e) “Nabumetone Products” means Relafen and/or its AB-rated generic bioequivalent.

(f) “Non-participating State” means each state, commonwealth or territory of the United States that declines to become a signatory to this Agreement on or before the Effective Date.

(g) “Participating States” means each undersigned state, commonwealth or territory of the United States of America that joins in and executes this Settlement Agreement on or before the Effective Date in its sovereign capacity and on behalf of its respective state agencies.

(h) “Parties” means Participating States and the Defendants;

(i) “Plaintiff States” means the States of Maryland, Arkansas, Oregon, Idaho, Washington and Illinois.

(j) “Relafen” means the prescription drug nabumetone sold under the trademark Relafen®.

(k) “Relafen End Payor Settlement” means the Fourth Amended Stipulation and Agreement of Settlement by and between the End Payor Plaintiffs and GSK in In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, No. 01-CV-12239 WGY (D. Mass).

(l) “Released Claims” means all manner of claims, demands, actions, suits, causes of action, damages whenever incurred, liabilities of any nature whatsoever, including costs, expenses, penalties and attorneys’ fees, known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, in law or equity, that the Participating States, or any of them, ever had, now have, or hereafter can, shall or may have, directly, representatively, derivatively or in any other capacity and which are either asserted in the States’ Complaint or which arise out of the conduct, events or transactions, prior to the date hereof, asserted in the States’ Complaint involving the pricing or purchase of, or the enforcement of intellectual property related to, the drug Relafen or its generic form, nabumetone.

(m) “Released Parties” means Defendants and their present and former direct and indirect parents, subsidiaries, divisions, partners and affiliates, and their respective present and former stockholders, officers, directors, employees, managers, agents, attorneys and any of their legal representatives (and the predecessors, heirs, executors, administrators, trustees, successors and assigns of each of the foregoing).

(n) “Relevant Period” means the period from September 1, 1998 through June 30, 2003.

(o) “Settlement Administrator” means the person at the State of New York Office of the Attorney General chosen by Participating States.

(p) “Settlement Fund” or “Settlement Amount” means the sum of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), or such lesser amount as may be determined in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph IV below, plus all interest or other income that accrues thereon. GSK shall pay interest at the rate of 1.5% per annum on the Settlement Amount from

January 1, 2005 - February 8, 2005, for a total of \$16,027.39. The Settlement Amount shall be paid as provided in Paragraph III.

(q) “State Agencies” means the current and former state departments, state bureaus, state agencies, and other state governmental entities that the undersigned State Attorneys General represent in this Settlement Agreement. All employee benefit plans, self insured or otherwise, and all Medicaid Health Maintenance Organization claims, to the extent they are included within the Relafen End Payor settlement, are excluded.

(r) “State Liaison Counsel” means the Attorneys General of the States of New York and Maryland.

(s) “States’ Complaint” means the complaint filed by the Plaintiff States on August 3, 2004, amended as reflected in Exhibit A, the allegations of which may be further amended only as necessary to add additional Participating States to the action.

II. AGREEMENT

The Parties agree to compromise, settle and resolve fully and finally on the terms set forth herein, all Released Claims.

III. SETTLEMENT PAYMENT

(a) Defendants shall pay the Settlement Amount to the Participating States in full and final satisfaction of all Released Claims.

(b) Unless this Agreement is terminated, as provided in Paragraph IV, the Settlement Amount shall be paid by certified check or by wire transfer to the Settlement Administrator in full, complete and final settlement of the Released Claims as provided herein, within seven (7) business days of the Effective Date of this Agreement.

Defendants' transfer of the Settlement Amount to the Settlement Administrator shall satisfy Defendants' obligation to make payments under this Agreement. Defendants shall not have any liabilities, obligations or responsibilities with respect to the investment, payment, disposition or distribution of the Settlement Fund after such transfer.

(c) Within three days of the transfer of the Settlement Amount to the Settlement Administrator, State Liaison Counsel shall file with the Court the Final Order a copy of which is attached as Exhibit B.

(d) The Settlement Administrator shall not distribute, remove, loan or dissipate in any form the Settlement Funds until entry of the Final Order by the Court. The Settlement Administrator shall have the authority to invest the monies in the Settlement Fund in short term federally insured investments. Under no circumstances shall the Defendants or Settlement Administrator be held liable for any increases or decreases of the Settlement Fund.

(e) The apportionment and distribution of the funds shall be determined exclusively by the Attorneys General of the Participating States.

IV. SETTLEMENT PAYMENT OR TERMINATION

(a) If, by the Effective Date, Participating States representing 80% of the total sales of Relafen by GSK to the fifty states (less West Virginia) during the Relevant Period have not become signatories to this Agreement, Defendants shall have the option, in their unfettered discretion, to

(1) terminate this Agreement; or

(2) proceed with this Agreement but reduce the Settlement Amount by a percentage equal to GSK's sales of nabumetone to Non-participating States as a percentage of GSK sales of nabumetone to all states (e.g., if sales to Non-participating States represent 30% of GSK's sales to all states, the Settlement Amount would likewise be reduced by 30%, or to \$7,000,000).

(b) If, by the Effective Date, Participating States representing more than 80%, but less than 100%, of the total sales of Relafen by GSK to the fifty states (less West Virginia) during the Relevant Period, have become signatories to this Agreement, the Settlement Amount shall be reduced by the percentage of GSK sales of nabumetone to all states accounted for by GSK sales of nabumetone to the Non-participating States.

(c) For purposes of this Paragraph, GSK's sales to states shall be determined from Medicaid expenditure data found at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/drugs/drug5.asp>.

V. RELEASE

(a) Upon transfer of the Settlement Amount to the Settlement Administrator, the Participating States shall release and forever discharge the Released Parties from the Released Claims. Each Participating State hereby covenants and agrees that it shall not, hereafter, seek to establish liability against any Released Party based, in whole or in part, on any of the Released Claims. The Parties do not intend to release or otherwise affect in any way any rights a Participating State has or may have against any other party or entity whatsoever other than the Released Parties with respect to the Released Claims. In addition, the Released Claims shall not include any claims arising in the ordinary course of

business between the Participating States and the Released Parties concerning product liability, breach of contract, breach of warranty, or personal injury. Furthermore, the Released Claims shall not include any claim Participating States may have that does not arise from the facts, matters, transactions, events, occurrences, acts, disclosures, statements, omissions or failures to act set forth in the States' Complaint, such as claims involving "best price," "average wholesale price," "wholesale acquisition cost," reporting practices or Medicaid fraud or abuse; provided, however, that in such litigation GSK preserves its right to assert that any recovery by the Participating States in such litigation involving the drug Relafen should be set off by the pro rata share received from the Settlement Fund and the Participating States reserve the right to assert that there should be no set-off.

(b) In addition, each Participating State hereby expressly waives and releases, upon transfer of the Settlement Amount, any and all provisions, rights and benefits conferred by § 1542 of the California Civil Code, which reads:

Section 1542. General Release; extent. A general release does not extend to claims which the creditor does not know or suspect to exist in his favor at the time of executing the release, which if known by him must have materially affected his settlement with the debtor;

or by any law or any state or territory of the United States, or principle of common law, which is similar, comparable or equivalent to § 1542 of the California Civil Code. Each Participating State may hereafter discover facts other than or different from those which it

knows or believes to be true with respect to the Released Claims but each Participating State hereby expressly waives and fully, finally and forever settles and releases, upon transfer of the Settlement Amount, any known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or non-contingent Released Claims with respect to the subject matter of this Paragraph V unless intentionally concealed or hidden, without regard to the subsequent discovery or existence of such different or additional facts.

VI. QUALIFIED SETTLEMENT FUND

The Settlement Fund maintained by the Settlement Administrator is intended by the parties hereto to be treated as a single “qualified settlement fund” for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Treas. Reg. § 1.468B-1, and to that end, the parties hereto shall cooperate with each other and shall not take a position in any filing or before any tax authority that is inconsistent with such treatment. Whether or not the Effective Date has occurred, and whether or not the Settlement Fund qualifies as a qualified settlement fund within the meaning of Treas. Reg. § 1.468B-1, the Settlement Administrator shall cause to be paid from the Settlement Fund any taxes or estimated taxes due on any income earned on the funds in the Settlement Fund and all related costs and expenses. The parties elect that the Settlement Fund should be treated as a “qualified settlement fund” from the earliest possible date and agree to make any “relation back” election that may be available. If amounts received by a Participating State or by Defendants upon any Settlement Payment or Termination, are construed to be income, it is the recipient’s sole responsibility to pay taxes on the amount construed to be income, plus any penalties or interest.

VII. MISCELLANEOUS

(a) This Agreement and attached Exhibits contain the entire agreement and understanding of the Parties. There are no additional promises or terms of the Agreement other than those contained herein. This Agreement shall not be modified except in writing signed by all of the Participating States and Defendants or by their authorized representatives.

(b) The Parties: (1) acknowledge that it is their intent to consummate this Agreement; and (2) agree to cooperate and exercise their best efforts to the extent reasonably necessary to effectuate and implement all terms and conditions of the Agreement.

(c) The Parties agree that the Settlement Amount, and the other terms set forth in this Agreement were negotiated in good faith by the Parties, and reflect a settlement that was reached voluntarily after investigation, consultation with experienced legal counsel and arms-length negotiations.

(d) Neither this Agreement nor any act performed or document executed pursuant to or in furtherance of the Agreement is or may be used as an admission of, or evidence of: (1) the validity of any Released Claim, or of any wrongdoing or liability of the Defendants, or (2) any fault or omission of the Defendants in any civil, criminal or administrative proceeding in any court, administrative agency or other tribunal.

(e) This Agreement shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, the Parties hereto and their successors and assigns. The Parties expressly disclaim any

intention to create rights which may be enforced by any other person under any circumstances.

(f) All signatories to this Agreement, by their signature, expressly represent that they are fully authorized to execute this Agreement for the Party they represent, including without limitation, all who are encompassed within the definitions of the Participating States or Defendants, on whose behalf the signatory is executing this Agreement. This Agreement may be executed on separate signature pages or in counterparts with the same effect as if all Parties had signed the same instrument.

(g) Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, neither the Participating States nor Defendants shall have the right to withdraw from this Agreement once the Settlement Agreement has been executed by the Parties.

(h) Any failure by any Party to insist upon the strict performance by any other Party of any of the provisions of this Agreement shall not be deemed a waiver of any of the provisions hereof, and that Party, notwithstanding that failure, shall have the right thereafter to insist upon the strict performance of any and all of the provisions of this Agreement to be performed by the other Party.

(i) This Agreement, including, but not limited to, the Released Claims contained herein, shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts without regard to its conflict of laws principles. The Parties to this Agreement agree that the Final Order shall provide that the Court shall retain jurisdiction to enforce all provisions and terms of this Agreement. This Agreement shall be enforced in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. The

Parties waive any objection that each of them may now or hereafter have to the venue of any such suit, action or proceeding and irrevocably consent to the jurisdiction of the Court and agree to accept and acknowledge service in any such suit, action or proceeding.

(j) The Parties agree and acknowledge that the monies paid as part of this Agreement do not constitute, nor shall they in any way be deemed a payment of a penalty or a fine of any kind. The Parties further acknowledge and agree that Defendants' payment of the Settlement Amount described in this Agreement is strictly for compensatory damages and/or equitable relief. Participating States have not included the imposition of criminal or civil fines or penalties (or payments in lieu thereof) as part of this Settlement Agreement.

(k) The headings used in this Agreement are intended for the convenience of the reader only and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement in any manner.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have entered into this Agreement by affixing the signatures of their authorized representatives below.

J. JOSEPH CURRAN, JR.
Attorney General
Ellen S. Cooper
Chief, Antitrust Division


Meredyth Smith Andrus
Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust Division
200 St. Paul Street
Baltimore, Maryland 21202
(410) 576-6470
(410) 576-7830 (fax)
mandrus@oag.state.md.us (e-mail)

ELIOT SPITZER
Attorney General
Jay Himes
Chief, Antitrust Bureau

Robert L. Hubbard
Director of Litigation, Antitrust Bureau
120 Broadway, Suite 26C
New York, NY 10271
(212) 416-8267
(212) 416-6015 (fax)
Robert.Hubbard@oag.state.ny.us (e-mail)

Dated: _____

DECHERT LLP

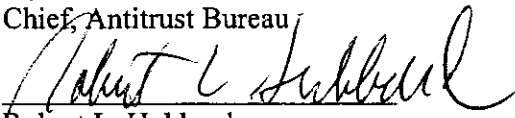

Gordon C. Gordon (2/15/05)
Christine C. Levin
Dechert LLP
4000 Bell Atlantic Tower
1717 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2793
(215) 994-4000
(215) 994-2222 (fax)
george.gordon@dechert.com (e-mail)

Counsel for Defendants

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have entered into this Agreement by affixing the signatures of their authorized representatives below.

J. JOSEPH CURRAN, JR.
Attorney General
Ellen S. Cooper
Chief, Antitrust Division

Meredyth Smith Andrus
Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust Division
200 St. Paul Street
Baltimore, Maryland 21202
(410) 576-6470
(410) 576-7830 (fax)
mandrus@oag.state.md.us (e-mail)

ELIOT SPITZER
Attorney General
Jay Himes
Chief, Antitrust Bureau

Robert L. Hubbard
Director of Litigation, Antitrust Bureau
120 Broadway, Suite 26C
New York, NY 10271
(212) 416-8267
(212) 416-6015 (fax)
Robert.Hubbard@oag.state.ny.us (e-mail)

Dated: 15 February 2005

DECHERT LLP

Gordon G. Gordon
Christine C. Levin
Dechert LLP
4000 Bell Atlantic Tower
1717 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2793
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(215) 994-2222 (fax)
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Counsel for Defendants

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Meredyth Smith Andrus
Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust Division
200 St. Paul Street
Baltimore, Maryland 21202
(410) 576-6470
(410) 576-7830 (fax)
mandrus@oag.state.md.us (e-mail)

ELIOT SPITZER
Attorney General
Jay Himes
Chief, Antitrust Bureau

Robert L. Hubbard
Director of Litigation, Antitrust Bureau
120 Broadway, Suite 26C
New York, NY 10271
(212) 416-8267
(212) 416-6015 (fax)
Robert.Hubbard@oag.state.ny.us (e-mail)

Dated: 2/15/05

DECHERT LLP

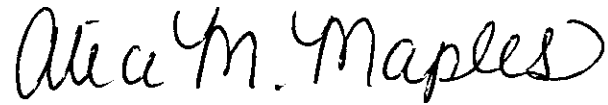
Gordon G. Gordon
Christine C. Levin
Dechert LLP
4000 Bell Atlantic Tower
1717 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2793
(215) 994-4000
(215) 994-2222 (fax)
george.gordon@dechert.com (e-mail)

Counsel for Defendants

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Alabama of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 17, 2005
Montgomery, Alabama

Troy R. King
Alabama Attorney General

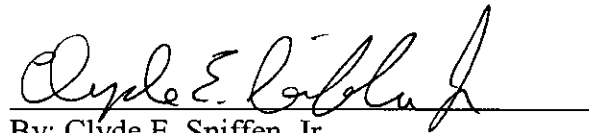
A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Alice M. Maples". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

By: Alice M. Maples
Assistant Attorney General
Chief, Consumer Protection and Antitrust Section
Alabama Attorney General's Office
11 South Union Street
Montgomery, Alabama 36130
334-242-7335 voice
334-242-2433 telecopy
amaples@ago.state.al.us email

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Alaska of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: January 11, 2005
Anchorage, Alaska

GREGG D. RENKES
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Clyde E. Sniffen, Jr.", is written over a horizontal line.

By: Clyde E. Sniffen, Jr.
Assistant Attorney General
Commercial and Fair Business Section
Department of Law
1031 W. 4th Avenue #200
Anchorage, AK 99501
907-269-5200
907-276-8554 fax

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Arizona of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

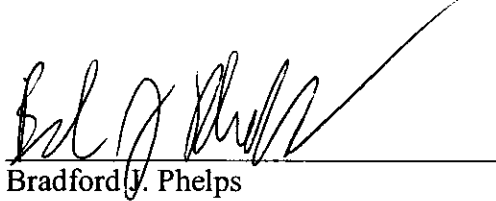
Dated: February 18, 2005
Phoenix, Arizona

Terry Goddard
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'N. Bonnell', written over a horizontal line.

By: Nancy M. Bonnell
Antitrust Unit Chief
(602) 542-7728 voice
(602) 542-0988 telecopy
nancy.bonnell@azag.gov email

STATE OF ARKANSAS
MIKE BEEBE
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Brad J. Phelps", is written over a horizontal line.

Bradford J. Phelps
Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust Division
323 Center St., Suite 200
Little Rock, AR 72201
Phone: (501) 682-3625
Fax: (501) 682-8118

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Colorado
Complaint and settlement between Plaintiff States and Defendants in
State of Maryland, et al. v. SmithKline Beecham Corp., et al., (D.Mass.)
01-CV-12239-WGY

Dated: February 14, 2005

JOHN W. SUTHERS
Attorney General



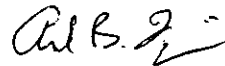
DEVIN M. LAIHO
Assistant Attorney General
Consumer Protection Section
Attorneys for State of Colorado

1525 Sherman Street, 5th Floor
Denver, Colorado 80203
Telephone: 303-866-5079

Signature Block for Plaintiff State of Connecticut of Settlement between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in *In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation*, Master File No. 01-122389-WGY

RICHARD BLUMENTHAL
Attorney General

MICHAEL E. COLE
Assistant Attorney General
Department Head/Antitrust Department

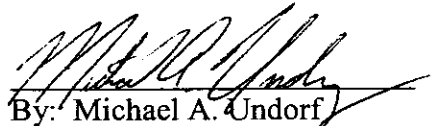


Arnold B. Feigin
Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust Department
55 Elm Street
Hartford, CT 06106
Tel: (860) 808-5246
Fax: (860) 808-5033

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Delaware of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 11, 2005
Wilmington, Delaware

M. Jane Brady
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Michael A. Undorf", is written over a horizontal line.

By: Michael A. Undorf
Deputy Attorney General
Fraud & Consumer Protection Division
820 North French Street, 5th Floor
Wilmington, Delaware 19801
302-577-8924 voice
302-577-6987 telecopy
Michael.Undorf@state.de.us

Signature block for Plaintiff District of Columbia of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 15, 2005
Washington, DC

ROBERT J. SPAGNOLETTI
Attorney General

DAVID M. RUBENSTEIN
Deputy Attorney General
Public Safety Division



BENNETT RUSHKOFF
Chief, Consumer and Trade Protection Section



ANIKA SANDERS COOPER
Assistant Attorney General
Office of the Attorney General for the District of Columbia
441 Fourth Street, NW, Suite 450N
Washington, DC 20001
Telephone: (202) 727-6241
Facsimile: (202) 727-6546
Email: Anika.Cooper@dc.gov

Attorneys for the District of Columbia

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Florida of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 14th, 2005
Tallahassee, Florida

Charles J. Crist, Jr.
Attorney General of Florida

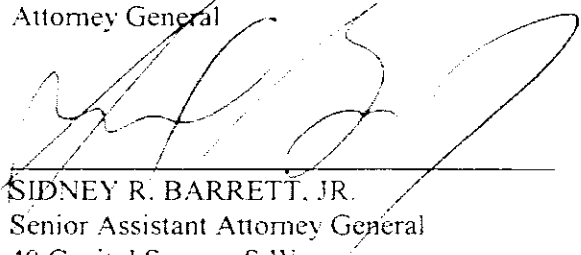
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Pat A Conners", written over a horizontal line.

By: Patricia A. Conners
Director, Antitrust Division
Office of the Attorney General
Antitrust Division
PI-01, The Capitol
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1050
850-414-3600
850-488-9134-Facsimile
trish_conners@oag.state.fl.us

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Georgia of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: March 5, 2005
Atlanta, Georgia

THURBERT E. BAKER
Attorney General

By: 
SIDNEY R. BARRETT, JR.
Senior Assistant Attorney General
40 Capitol Square, S.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30334
Phone: 404.656.3202
Fax: 404.656.0677
Email: sid.barrett@law.state.ga.us

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Hawaii of Settlement between and among Plaintiff
States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in *In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation*,
Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated February 17, 2005
Honolulu, Hawaii

Mark J. Bennett
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Rodney I. Kimura', written over a horizontal line.

Rodney I. Kimura
Deputy Attorney General
425 Queen Street
Honolulu, HI 96813
(808) 586-1180
(808) 586-1205 (FAX)

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Idaho of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: January 12, 2005
Boise, Idaho

LAWRENCE G. WASDEN
ATTORNEY GENERAL
STATE OF IDAHO

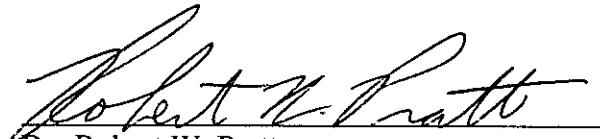
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Brett DeLange", written over a horizontal line.

Brett T. DeLange (ISB No. 3628)
Deputy Attorney General
Consumer Protection Unit
Office of the Attorney General
Len B. Jordan Building
650 W. State St., Lower Level
P. O. Box 83720
Boise, Idaho 83720-0010
Telephone: (208) 334-2424
FAX: (208) 334-2830
brett.delange@ag.idaho.gov

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Illinois of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: March 18, 2005
Chicago, Illinois

Lisa Madigan
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Robert W. Pratt", written over a horizontal line.

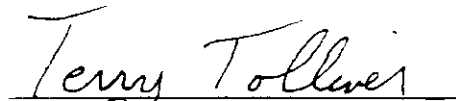
By: Robert W. Pratt
Chief, Antitrust Bureau
100 W. Randolph, 13th Floor
Chicago, Illinois 60601
312-814-3722 voice
312-814-1154 telecopy
rpratt@atg.state.il.us email

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Indiana of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 17, 2005
Indianapolis, Indiana

STEVE CARTER
Indiana Attorney General

By:

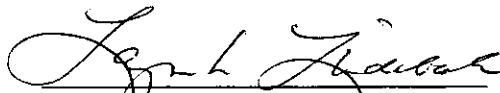


Terry Tolliver
Deputy Attorney General
Office of Attorney General
Indiana Government Center South
302 W. Washington, 5th Floor
Indianapolis, IN 46204
Telephone: (317) 233-3300
Facsimile: (317) 233-4393
E-Mail: ttolliver@atg.state.in.us

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Iowa in Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 3, 2005
Des Moines, Iowa

Thomas J. Miller
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'Layne M. Lindebak', written over a horizontal line.

By: Layne M. Lindebak
Special Litigation Division
Iowa Department of Justice
Second Floor, Hoover Office Building
1305 East Walnut
Des Moines, Iowa 50319
515 281-7954 voice
515 281-4902 telecopy
Llindeb@ag.state.ia.us email

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Kansas of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 15, 2005

Phill Kline
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Karl Hansen', is written over a horizontal line.

By: Karl R. Hansen, #18232
Assistant Attorney General
120 SW 10th St., 2nd Floor
Topeka, Kansas 66612
Phone: (785) 296-2215
Fax: (785) 296-6296
hansenk@ksag.org

RECEIVED

FEB 14 2005

ANTITRUST BUREAU

GREGORY D. STUMBO
ATTORNEY GENERAL

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'D. Vandeventer', is written over the printed name of the Assistant Attorney General.

David R. Vandeventer
Assistant Attorney General
Office of Consumer Protection
(502) 696-5389



CHARLES C. FOTI, JR.
ATTORNEY GENERAL

State of Louisiana
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
P.O. BOX 94005
BATON ROUGE
70804-9005


CHARLES C. FOTI, JR.
Attorney General
State of Louisiana

BY: Jane Bishop Johnson
Jane Bishop Johnson
Assistant Attorney General
Louisiana Department of Justice
1885 N. 3rd Street
Baton Rouge, Louisiana
(225) 326-6465
(225) 326-6499 (fax)

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Maine of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 3, 2005
Augusta, Maine

G. Steven Rowe
Attorney General

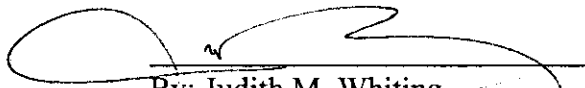


By: Christina M. Moylan
Assistant Attorney General
Maine Department of Attorney General
6 State House Station
Augusta, Maine 04333-0006
202-626-8838 voice
207-624-7730 fax
christina.moylan@maine.gov

Signature block for Plaintiff Commonwealth of Massachusetts for insertion in Settlement
Agreement between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

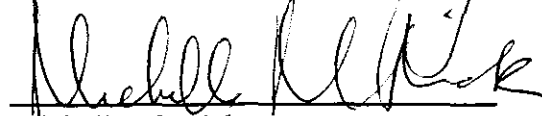
Dated: February 16, 2005
Boston, Massachusetts

Thomas F. Reilly
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Judith M. Whiting', is written over a horizontal line.

By: Judith M. Whiting
Assistant Attorney General
Consumer Protection and Antitrust Division
Office of the Attorney General
Commonwealth of Massachusetts
One Ashburton Place
Boston, Massachusetts 02108
tel. (617) 727-2200, ext. 2959
fax (617) 727-5765
email: judith.whiting@ago.state.ma.us

STATE OF MICHIGAN
MICHAEL A. COX
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Michelle M. Rick", is written over a horizontal line.

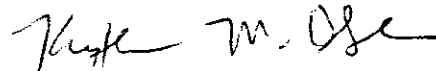
Michelle M. Rick
Assistant Attorney General
Consumer Protection Division
Antitrust Section
Attorneys for the State of Michigan
G. Mennen Williams Building, 6th Floor
525 W. Ottawa Street
Lansing, MI 48913
Telephone: 517-373-1123

Dated: March 7, 2005

Signature block for the Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 11, 2005
St. Paul, Minnesota

MIKE HATCH
Attorney General

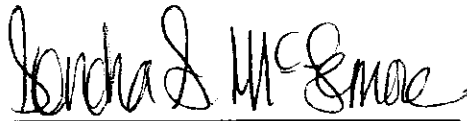
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kristen M. Olsen". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kristen" written in a larger, more prominent script than the last name "Olsen".

By: Kristen M. Olsen
Assistant Attorney General
Atty. Reg. No. 30489X
445 Minnesota Street, Suite 1200
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101-2130
(651) 296-2921 (Voice)
(651) 296-1410 (TTY)
Kristen.Olsen@state.mn.us

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Mississippi of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 11, 2005
Jackson, Mississippi

Jim Hood
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Sondra S. McLemore". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Sondra" being more prominent than the last name "McLemore".

By: Sondra S. McLemore
Special Assistant Attorney General
P.O. Box 22947
Jackson, Mississippi
601 359-3748 voice
601 359-4231 telecopy
ssimp@ago.state.ms.us email

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Missouri of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 10, 2005
Jefferson City, Missouri

JEREMIAH W. (JAY) NIXON
Attorney General



By: Anne E. Schneider
Antitrust Counsel
P. O. Box 899
Jefferson City, MO 65102
(573) 751-3321
(573) 751-7948 (facsimile)
Anne.Schneider@mail.ago.state.mo.us

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Montana of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

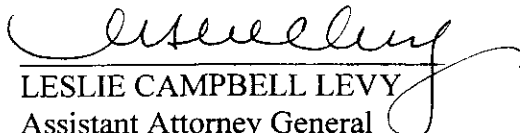
Dated: January 11, 2005
Helena, Montana

Cort Jensen
Consumer Chief

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Cort Jensen', with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Cort Jensen
Consumer Protection Office
Special Assistant Attorney General
1219 8th Ave
Helena, MT 59620
406-444-5439 Phone
406-44-9680 Fax
cojensen@mt.gov


STATE OF NEBRASKA
JON BRUNING
Attorney General


LESLIE CAMPBELL LEVY
Assistant Attorney General
Director, Consumer Protection & Antitrust
Nebraska Attorney General's Office
2115 State Capitol
Lincoln, Nebraska 68509
Telephone: (402) 471-2811

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Nevada of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Date: February 14, 2005

STATE of NEVADA
BRIAN SANDOVAL
Attorney General


By: Adriana Escobar Chanos
Consumer Advocate & Chief Deputy Attorney General
Bureau of Consumer Protection
555 E. Washington Ave., Suite 3900
Las Vegas, NV 89101
Phone: (702) 486-3579
Fax: (702) 486-3283

Signature block for Plaintiff State of New Hampshire of Settlement between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in *In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation*, master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 23, 2005

KELLY A. AYOTTE
Attorney General

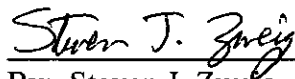
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'DR', is written over a horizontal line.

By: David A. Rienzo
Consumer Protection and Antitrust Bureau
New Hampshire Department of Justice
33 Capitol Street
Concord, New Hampshire 03301
(603) 271-3643 voice
(603) 223-6239 fax
david.rienzo@doj.nh.gov

Signature block for Plaintiff State of New Jersey of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: March 4, 2005
Trenton, New Jersey

PETER C. HARVEY
Attorney General

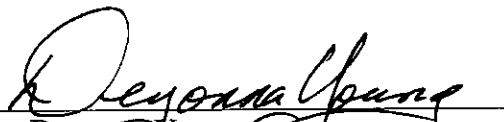
A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Steven J. Zweig", is written over a horizontal line.

By: Steven J. Zweig
Deputy Attorney General
New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety
Division of Criminal Justice
P.O. Box 085
Trenton, NJ 08625-0085
(609)984-3878
fax: (609)633-7798
email: zweigs@njdcj.org

Signature block for Plaintiff State of New Mexico of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: January 31, 2005
Santa Fe, New Mexico

Patricia A. Madrid
Attorney General



By: Deyonna Young
Assistant Attorney General
Litigation Division
111 Lomas Boulevard NW, Suite 300
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102
505-222-9000 voice
505-222-9086 telecopy
DYoung@ago.state.nm.us email

Signature block for Plaintiff State of New York of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February/2, 2005
New York, New York

Eliot Spitzer
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Jay L. Himes", written over a horizontal line.

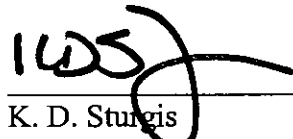
By: Jay L. Himes
Chief, Antitrust Bureau
120 Broadway, Suite 26C
New York, NY 10271-0332
212 416-8282 voice
212 416-6015 telecopy
Jay.Himes@oag.state.ny.us email

Signature block for Plaintiff State of North Carolina of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, PLC, in
In Re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 18, 2005

ROY COOPER
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF NORTH CAROLINA

By:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'K. D. Sturgis', is written over a horizontal line.

K. D. Sturgis
Assistant Attorney General
N.C. State Bar No. 9486
North Carolina Department of Justice
Consumer Protection/Antitrust Division
9001 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-9001
Telephone: 919/716.6000
Facsimile: 919/716.6050
E-Mail: Ksturgis@ncdoj.com

RELAFEN ANTITRUST LITIGATION

State of North Dakota
Wayne Stenehjem
Attorney General

By:

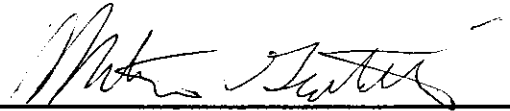


Todd A. Sattler, ID No. 05718
Assistant Attorney General
Consumer Protection and
Antitrust Division
Office of Attorney General
P.O. Box 1054
Bismarck, ND 58502-1054
(701) 328-5570

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Ohio of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 8, 2005

Jim Petro
Attorney General of Ohio

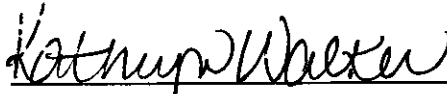
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Mitchell L. Gentile", is written over a horizontal line.

/By: Mitchell L. Gentile
Principal Attorney
Ohio Attorney General's Office
Antitrust Section
150 East Gay Street, 20th Floor
Columbus, OH 43215
614 466-4328 voice
614 995-0266 facsimile

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Oklahoma of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 11, 2005
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

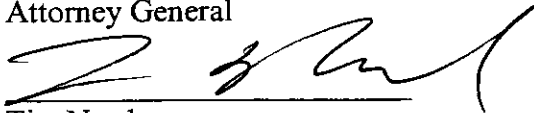
W.A. Drew Edmondson
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathryn L. Walker", written over a horizontal line.

By: Kathryn L. Walker
Assistant Attorney General
Consumer Protection Unit
4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 260
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105
Phone: (405) 521-4274
Fax: (405) 528-1867

Settlement Agreement Between Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline: Relafen

STATE OF OREGON
HARDY MYERS
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Tim Nord', is written over a horizontal line.

Tim Nord
Senior Assistant Attorney General
Attorney for the State of Oregon
Oregon Department of Justice
1162 Court Street NE
Salem, Oregon 97301
Telephone: 503-947-4333

Signature Block for Plaintiff Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Settlement Agreement
By and Among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc,
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 17, 2005
Harrisburg, PA

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS W. CORBETT, JR.
Attorney General for the Commonwealth of
Pennsylvania

JAMES A. DONAHUE, III
Chief Deputy Attorney General
Antitrust Section



Joseph S. Betsko
Deputy Attorney General
Antitrust Section
Pennsylvania Office of Attorney General
14th Floor, Strawberry Square
Harrisburg, PA 17120
(717) 787-4530
(717) 787-705-7110 (facsimile)
jbetsko@attorneygeneral.gov

SIGNATURE BLOCK

**Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
for settlement between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY**

**Dated: March _____, 2005
San Juan, Puerto Rico**



**Roberto J. Sánchez Ramos
Attorney General of Puerto Rico**

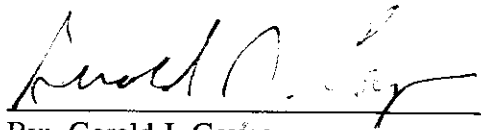


**By: José G. Díaz Tejera
Assistant Attorney General
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
Department of Justice
Office of Monopolistic Affairs
Box 9020192, San Juan, PR 00902-0192
(787) 721-2900 Exts. 2214 – 2218
Fax - 725-2475
jdiaz@justicia.gobierno.pr
yserrano@justicia.gobierno.pr**

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Rhode Island of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 17, 2005
Providence, Rhode Island

Patrick C. Lynch
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Gerald J. Coyne", written over a horizontal line.


By: Gerald J. Coyne
Deputy Attorney General
Department of Attorney General
150 South Main Street
Providence, RI 02903
Tel.: (401) 274-4400 Ext. 2257
Fax: (401) 222-1302
Email: gcoyne@riag.ri.gov

Signature block for Plaintiff State of South Carolina of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: January 14, 2005

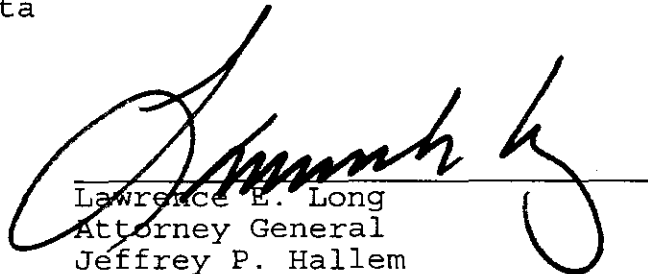
HENRY D. McMASTER
Attorney General of the State of South Carolina

BY: _____


C. HAVIRD JONES, JR.
Senior Assistant Attorney General
P. O. Box 11549
Columbia, SC 29211
(803) 734-3680
(803) 734-3677 (Facsimile)
agsjones@ag.state.sc.us

Signature block for Plaintiff State of South
Dakota of Settlement between and among
Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master
File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: January 19, 2005
Pierre, South Dakota

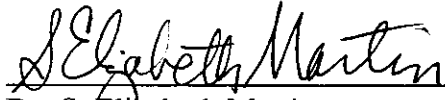


Lawrence E. Long
Attorney General
Jeffrey P. Hallem
Assistant Attorney General
500 E. Capitol
Pierre, South Dakota 57501
(605) 773-3215
(605) 773-4106 facsimile

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Tennessee of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: January 25, 2005
Nashville, Tennessee

Paul G. Summers
Attorney General

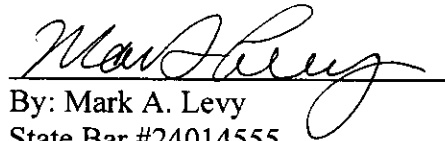
A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "S. Elizabeth Martin". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the printed name.

By: S. Elizabeth Martin
Senior Counsel
425 5th Avenue North
Nashville, Tennessee 37243-0485
615-532-5732
615-741-1026 Fax
Elizabeth.Martin@state.tn.us

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Texas of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: January 12, 2005
Austin, Texas

Greg Abbott
Attorney General

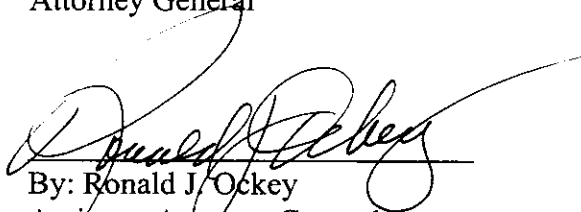
A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Mark A. Levy", is written over a horizontal line.

By: Mark A. Levy
State Bar #24014555
Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust & Civil Medicaid Fraud Division
Office of the Attorney General
P.O. Box 12548
Austin, Texas 78711-2548
512-936-1847 voice
512-320-0975 telecopy
Mark.Levy@oag.state.tx.us email

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Utah of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 23, 2005
Salt Lake City, Utah

Mark L. Shurtleff
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ronald J. Ockey", is written over a horizontal line.

By: Ronald J. Ockey
Assistant Attorney General
160 East 300 South, Fifth Floor
801-366-0359
801-366-0315 (fax)
rockey@utah.gov

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Vermont of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 16, 2005
Montpelier, VT

WILLIAM H. SORRELL
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Julie Brill". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Julie" and last name "Brill" clearly distinguishable.

By: Julie Brill
Assistant Attorney General and
Director, Antitrust
109 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05609-1001

(802) 828-3658 voice
(802) 828-2154 telecopy
jbrill@atg.state.vt.us email

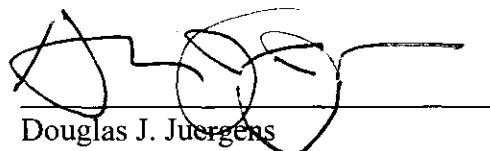
Signature block for Plaintiff Territory of the United States Virgin Islands for Settlement between and among Plaintiff States and Territories and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in *In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation*, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY. Authority for this action is found in Title 3, Chapter 8, Section 114 of the Virgin Islands Code.

Dated: March 21, 2005
St. Thomas, VI

Respectfully submitted,

ALVA A. SWAN
Acting Attorney General
ELLIOTT M. DAVIS
Solicitor General

By:

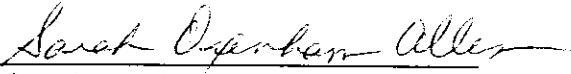
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Douglas J. Juergens', is written over a horizontal line.

Douglas J. Juergens
Assistant Attorney General
Virgin Islands Department of Justice
3438 Kronprindsens Gade
GERS Complex, 2nd Floor
St. Thomas, VI 00802
Tel/Fax: (340) 774-5666/774-9710
Email: douglasjuergens@yahoo.com

Signature block for Plaintiff Commonwealth of Virginia of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: March 3, 2005
Richmond, Virginia

Judith Williams Jagdmann
Attorney General

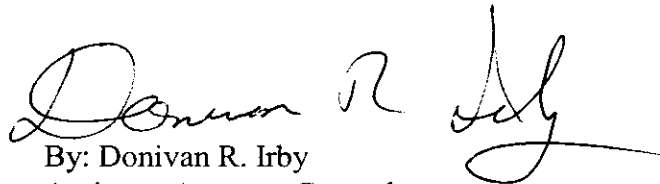
By: 
Sarah Oxenham Allen
Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust and Consumer Litigation Section
Office of the Attorney General
900 East Main Street
Richmond, VA 23219
(804) 786-6557
Fax: (804) 786-0122
Email: SOAllen@oag.state.va.us

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Washington of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 14, 2005
Seattle, Washington

STATE OF WASHINGTON
ROB MCKENNA
Attorney General

TINA E. KONDO
Senior Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust Division Chief

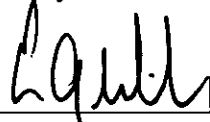
A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Donovan R. Irby".

By: Donovan R. Irby
Assistant Attorney General
206-464-7589
206-587-5636
doni@atg.wa.gov

Signature block for Plaintiff State of Wisconsin of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: February 2, 2005
Madison, Wisconsin

Peggy A. Lautenschlager
Attorney General

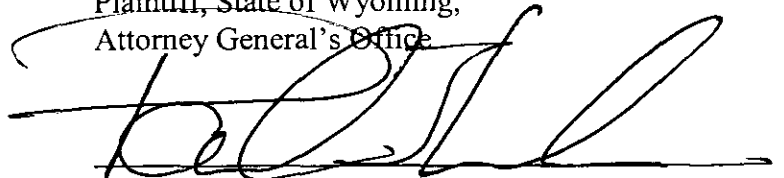
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "E. Wilson", is written over a horizontal line.

By: Eric J. Wilson
Assistant Attorney General
Wisconsin Department of Justice
17 West Main Street, Room 737
Madison, WI 53702
(608) 266-8986
(608) 267-2778 (Fax)
wilsonej@doj.state.wi.us

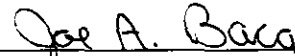
Signature block for Plaintiff State of Wyoming, of Settlement
between and among Plaintiff States and GlaxoSmithKline, plc in
In re Relafen Antitrust Litigation, Master File No. 01-12239-WGY

Dated: March 1, 2005

Plaintiff, State of Wyoming,
Attorney General's Office

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, likely belonging to Patrick J. Crank, written over the printed name and title.

PATRICK J. CRANK
Attorney General

A handwritten signature in black ink, likely belonging to Joe A. Baca, written over the printed name and title.

JOE A. BACA
Senior Assistant Attorney General
123 Capitol Building
Cheyenne, WY 82002
Phone: (307) 777-3730
Fax: (307) 777-3435
E-Mail: jbaca@state.wy.us

By Attorney General Hardy Myers)
1162 Court Street NE)
Salem, Oregon 97301)

STATE OF WASHINGTON)
by Attorney General Christine O. Gregoire)
900 Fourth Avenue, Suite 2000)
Seattle, Washington 98164,)

(Other Plaintiff States))

Plaintiffs)

v.)

SmithKline Beecham Corporation)
One Franklin Plaza)
16th and Race Streets)
Philadelphia, PA 19102,)

And)

SmithKline Beecham plc,)
One Franklin Plaza)
16th and Race Streets)
Philadelphia, PA 19102,)

Defendants.)

STATES FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs, the States, Commonwealths, and Territories, **(specification of Plaintiff States)**

(collectively "Plaintiff States" or "States"), by and through their respective Attorneys General, bring this action against Defendants SmithKline Beecham, plc and SmithKline Beecham Corporation d/b/a GlaxoSmithKline, plc (collectively "GSK" or "Defendants"), to secure damages, injunctive and other equitable relief for Defendants' violations of federal and state antitrust laws, consumer protection, and unfair and deceptive trade practices acts, allege as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION

1. Relafen® is a brand-name prescription drug containing nabumetone as its active pharmaceutical ingredient. Relafen® is a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug ("NSAID"), used to treat diseases characterized by inflammation, and a chemical compound disclosed by U.S. Patent No. 4,420,639 (the "'639 Patent"). Prior to August 2001, no other brand-name or generic nabumetone-based drug was marketed in the United States, due to the Defendants' anticompetitive conduct including unlawfully obtaining and enforcing a monopoly for Relafen® and nabumetone-based drugs through intentional misrepresentation to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO"). In 2002, GSK's sales of Relafen® in the United States were over \$200 million.

2. Defendants obtained a patent for nabumetone and had it listed in the Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) *Orange Book*, defined below, which enabled Defendants to falsely create and extend their monopoly for Relafen® and nabumetone. Defendants further engaged in sham litigation to unlawfully enforce their patent, even though they knew that the patent was invalid. As a result, consumers were forced to pay more for nabumetone.

3. Plaintiff States seek the following: a) a finding that Defendants' actions violated federal and state antitrust laws, consumer protection laws, unfair competition laws and other related state laws; b) a permanent injunction preventing Defendants from submitting the '639 Patent for listing in the *Orange Book* and from taking other actions similar to those which

resulted in the improper delay in generic competition for nabumetone; and c) relief for injuries sustained as a result of Defendants' violations of law.

II. PARTIES

4. Defendant SmithKline Beecham Corporation is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, doing business as GlaxoSmithKline ("SmithKline"). Its principal place of business is at One Franklin Plaza, 16th and Race Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19102. SmithKline develops, manufactures, markets, sells, and distributes pharmaceutical products, including Relafen®.

5. Defendant SmithKline Beecham plc is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United Kingdom, and is a corporate affiliate of SmithKline Beecham Corporation ("Beecham"). Its principal place of business within the United States is at One Franklin Plaza, 16th and Race Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19102. Both SmithKline Beecham Corporation and SmithKline Beecham plc are hereinafter referred to as "GSK" or "Defendants." Defendants manufacture and market Relafen® throughout the United States.

6. The States bring this action by and through their Attorneys General (a) in their proprietary capacities on behalf of represented entities which may include state departments, bureaus, agencies, political subdivisions, and other government entities as direct or indirect purchasers, and/or as assignees of the antitrust causes of action of intermediate purchasers through which they procured or reimbursed for such drugs, or as purchasers under medical or pharmaceutical reimbursement programs, of Relafen® or any other nabumetone based drug during the relevant period (hereinafter "State Governmental Entities"), (b) in their capacities as enforcers of state law to enjoin violations, to disgorge unjust profits, and to provide relief for injuries incurred in their states by securing damages and/or restitution, injunctions and other equitable remedies. Plaintiff State of Illinois also brings this action, by and through its Attorney General, under federal and state law, in its sovereign capacity, as *parens patriae* on behalf of

natural persons who paid for Relafen® or any other nabumetone product during the relevant time period.

III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. Subject matter jurisdiction is proper pursuant to Section 2 of the Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2, and sections 4, 4C, 12 and 16 of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 15, 15c, 22 and 26, and under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1337.

8. In addition to pleading violations of federal antitrust law, the States also allege violations of state antitrust, consumer protection and/or unfair competition statutes and related state laws, as set forth below, and seek damages, civil penalties and/or equitable relief under those state laws. All claims under federal and state law are based upon a common nucleus of operative facts, and the entire action commenced by this Complaint constitutes a single case that would ordinarily be tried in one judicial proceeding. This Court has jurisdiction of the non-federal claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a), and under the principles of supplemental jurisdiction. Supplemental jurisdiction will avoid unnecessary duplication and multiplicity of actions, and should be exercised in the interests of judicial economy, convenience, and fairness.

9. Venue is proper in this Court under Section 12 of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. § 22 and 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c). Defendants transact business in this district. Further, the claims alleged arose, in whole or in part, in this judicial district, and a substantial portion of the affected trade and commerce described below has been carried out in this judicial district.

IV. STATEMENT OF FACTS

A. Pioneer Drugs

10. Under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. §§ 301 *et seq.*, a drug

manufacturer must obtain approval from the FDA before the manufacturer may lawfully begin selling a new drug (also called a "pioneer drug") in the United States. 21 U.S.C. § 355(a). In order to obtain FDA approval, the manufacturer must file a New Drug Application ("NDA") demonstrating that the drug is safe and effective for its intended use. 21 U.S.C. § 355(b) or 355(j).

11. The NDA must contain, among other things, data on the composition of the drug product including its active ingredient, the means for its manufacture, and a statement of its proposed uses. An NDA must list all patents that claim the approved drug where a claim of patent infringement could reasonably be asserted against an unauthorized manufacturer or seller of the drug. 21 U.S.C. § 355(b) and (c)).

12. A pioneer drug is typically covered by one or more patents, which grant the owner the right to exclude others from manufacturing for sale the new drug for the duration of the patent(s) including any extensions of the original patent period granted pursuant to the Drug Price Competition and Patent Term Restoration Act of 1984, 21 U.S.C. § 355 ("Hatch-Waxman" or "Hatch-Waxman Act").

13. Once the NDA is approved, and upon certification by the brand-name manufacturer that the newly-issued patent meets the listing criteria, the FDA publishes the patent information submitted by the manufacturer in a publication commonly referred to as the *Orange Book*. See 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(7)(a)(iii) (formally titled, "Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalent Evaluations"). The FDA has a long-standing, publicly announced policy of accepting at face value the accuracy of patent information it receives from a patent holder, and its eligibility for *Orange Book* filing.

14. Once approved, a new drug may be labeled, marketed and advertised only for FDA-approved uses. A pharmacist filling a prescription must fill the prescription with the drug brand specified by the physician, unless an FDA-approved generic version is available and

applicable state law provides for generic substitution.

B. Generic Drugs

15. A generic drug is one that has been approved by the FDA as bioequivalent to a brand-name drug in dosage form, safety, strength, route of administration, quality, performance characteristics and intended use.

16. Generic drugs are usually priced substantially below the brand-name drug. Typically, the first generic drug to be sold is priced at a percentage discount off the brand-name drug price, and even steeper price reductions occur as additional generic versions become available.

17. A brand-name drug generally loses substantial market share to generic competition within a relatively short time after a generic is introduced to the market. Consumers covered by some form of insurance or benefit plan often switch to a generic bioequivalent and may be encouraged to do so by virtue of a lower co-payment for generics. Consumers who pay cash for prescriptions also switch from brand-name to generic drugs to obtain the lower price.

18. A principal goal of the Hatch –Waxman Act is to facilitate generic competition by streamlining the process by which manufacturers of generic drugs receive regulatory approval to bring their products to market. *See Mova Pharmaceuticals Corp. v. Shalala*, 140 F.3d 1060, 1068 (D.C. Cir. 1998). Under Hatch-Waxman, a company may seek expedited FDA approval to market a generic version of a brand-name drug with an approved NDA by filing an Abbreviated New Drug Application ("ANDA") pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 355(j). An ANDA filer relies on the safety and efficacy data already filed with the FDA by the brand-name manufacturer. 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(2)(A)(I).

19. In its ANDA, a generic manufacturer generally must certify to the FDA that one of the following conditions is satisfied: (i) no patent covering the drug has been filed with the

FDA ("Paragraph I Certification"); (ii) the patent for the brand-name drug has expired ("Paragraph II Certification"); (iii) the patent for the brand-name drug will expire on a particular date, and the generic company does not seek to market its generic product before that date ("Paragraph III Certification"); or (iv) the patent for the brand-name drug is invalid or will not be infringed by the generic company's proposed product ("Paragraph IV Certification"). 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(2)(A)(vii).

20. Pursuant to a Paragraph III or Paragraph IV Certification, the Hatch-Waxman Act allows ANDA applicants to perform all necessary testing, to submit an application for approval, and to receive tentative approval before the relevant patents covering the brand-name pioneer drug expire. Upon the patents' expiration and receipt of FDA final approval, the generic drug companies may market their generic versions of the brand-name drug.

21. If the generic manufacturer submits a Paragraph IV certification, it must notify the patent owner of the filing and explain why the patent is invalid or will not be infringed. 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(2)(A)(vii)(IV). If the patent holder fails to initiate an infringement suit within forty-five days of receipt of the notice, FDA approval of the ANDA proceeds without regard to patent issues. However, if a patent infringement suit is brought within the forty-five day window, the FDA is automatically barred from approving the ANDA until the earliest of thirty months after the patent holder's receipt of the Paragraph IV certification, the patent expires, or a final judicial determination of non-infringement. 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(5)(B)(iii).

C. Defendants' Anticompetitive Conduct

Defendants Made Intentional Misrepresentations to the PTO and Engaged in Sham Litigation to Obtain and Maintain an Improper Monopoly for Relafen® and Nabumetone

22. Defendants own the '639 Patent which purported to cover the chemical compound nabumetone. Pursuant to NDA No. 19-583, Defendants marketed Relafen®, whose active ingredient is nabumetone, in the United States and elsewhere since February 1992. The '639

Patent resulted from filing of six U.S. patent applications, and ultimately expired on December 13, 2002.

23. Copley Pharmaceutical, Inc. ("Copley"), Teva Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. ("Teva"), and Eon Labs Manufacturing, Inc. ("Eon") (collectively the "Generic Manufacturers") each manufacture generic pharmaceutical products. Each filed an ANDA with the FDA to market generic versions of Relafen®.

24. On August 4, 1997, Copley filed ANDA No. 75-179, the first ANDA for a generic version of the Relafen® 750 mg tablet with a Paragraph IV Certification that the '639 Patent was either invalid or not infringed.

25. On August 18, 1997, Teva filed ANDA No. 75-189, the first ANDA for a generic version of the Relafen® 500 mg tablet with a Paragraph IV Certification that the '639 Patent was either invalid or not infringed. Teva acquired Copley on August 10, 1999, consolidating the ANDAs for both the 500 mg and 750 mg strengths of generic Relafen®.

26. On December 18, 1997, Eon filed ANDA 75-280 for a generic version of the Relafen® 500 mg and 750 mg tablets with a Paragraph IV Certification that the '639 Patent was either invalid or not infringed.

27. The Generic Manufacturers each gave written notice ("notice of certification") to Beecham, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(2)(B)(i) and (ii), that their ANDAs and the accompanying certification had been filed with the FDA.

28. Defendants sued for infringement of the '639 Patent within forty-five days of the notices of certification (hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Infringement Actions"). Upon filing of the first suit, a 30-month stay of the FDA's authority to grant final marketing approval to the Generic Manufacturers was granted. Final approval could not be given to Teva's and Copley's ANDAs until either they prevailed in the Infringement Actions, or the 30-month stay

expired.

29. The Infringement Actions were consolidated for all purposes and captioned as *In re '639 Patent Litigation*, Civil Action No.97-12416-RCL (D. Mass.) and were assigned to the Honorable Reginald C. Lindsay.

30. The Generic Manufacturers claimed that the '639 Patent was invalid because nabumetone was anticipated by prior art, namely a 1973 article by scientists J.N. Chatterjea and R. Prasad entitled "Condensation of Mannich Base Salts with Phenols: Orientation of Adducts," published in the *Indian Journal of Chemistry*, Volume 11 at 214-18 (March 1973) (the "Chatterjea & Prasad publication"). The Generic Manufacturers argued that the Chatterjea & Prasad publication identified and enabled nabumetone and therefore anticipated all claims set forth in the '639 Patent, either explicitly or inherently. They also claimed that the '639 Patent was unenforceable because Beecham breached its duty of candor to, and engaged in inequitable conduct before, the PTO. *In re '639 Patent Litigation*, 154 F.Supp. 2d 157, 160 (D.Mass. 2001).

31. At all relevant times, Defendants knew that the '639 Patent was not their intellectual development, was anticipated by prior art, and that the '639 Patent was not enforceable because Defendants and their representatives had knowingly made material misrepresentations to the PTO in connection with the prosecution of that patent.

32. Nonetheless, Defendants commenced, prosecuted, and maintained the sham Infringement Actions against the Generic Manufacturers and defended against their counterclaim suits for the improper purpose of maintaining a monopoly in the sale of nabumetone-based prescription drugs in the United States ("Relevant Market"), and to conceal that unlawful interference and monopoly maintenance.

33. Defendants continued to maintain the sham *Orange Book* listing, the Infringement Actions, and their sham defenses of the counterclaim suits knowingly, intentionally,

affirmatively, with the purpose of unlawfully maintaining their monopoly in the Relevant Market, and with the effect of affirmatively and continuously foreclosing the Generic Manufacturers and any other competitors from the Relevant Market.

34. The FDA granted tentative approval to Eon's ANDA No. 75-280 on August 8, 1998, for nabumetone 500 mg and 750 mg tablets, and to Teva's ANDA No. 75-189 for nabumetone 500 mg and 750 mg tablets on December 24, 1998. This tentative approval reflected the FDA's determination that all the criteria for ANDA "Final" approval had been satisfied, except for the resolution of issues relating to patents or the 180-day exclusivity period. Final approval could not be granted until either the resolution of pending patent infringement litigation or the expiration of the 30-month stay.

35. Final approval was granted on May 26, 2000 to Teva's ANDA No. 75-189 for nabumetone 500 mg tablets, and on June 6, 2000 to Copley's ANDA No. 75-179 for nabumetone 750 mg tablets.

The Court's Ruling Invalidating The '639 Patent

36. On August 14, 2001, Judge Lindsay invalidated the '639 Patent due to prior art and anticipation. The Court also held that the '639 Patent was unenforceable because the Defendants made material misrepresentations to the PTO.

37. The Court then found that the material misrepresentations made by Defendants were made with the intent of deceiving the PTO and entered judgment in favor of the Generic Manufacturers and against SmithKline and Beecham for patent invalidity and unenforceability.

38. Defendants appealed that decision, which was affirmed on August 15, 2002, on the grounds that the patent was invalid because it had been anticipated by prior art. *SmithKline Beecham Corp. v. Copley Pharmaceutical, Inc.*, No. 01-1611, 2002 WL 1890708 (Fed. Cir. Aug. 15, 2002). The Court of Appeals did not reach the issue of inequitable conduct. *Id.* Defendants'

post-appeal petitions were denied.

39. Teva began selling a 500 mg generic version of Relafen® on or about August 20, 2001. Teva began selling its 750 mg generic version on or about September 26, 2001.

40. Throughout the course of the proceedings before the PTO and for much of the litigation of the Infringement Actions, Defendants knowingly, willfully and fraudulently concealed the true facts about the Chatterjea & Prasad publication, their knowledge of the existence of prior art, and their misrepresentations to the PTO in order to wrongfully obtain the '639 Patent and to prevent and discourage lawful competition. Thus, Plaintiff States were prevented from discovering the Defendants' illegal conduct.

V. RELEVANT MARKET

41. The relevant product market is the manufacture and sale of nabumetone-based prescription drugs. The relevant geographic market is the United States, including its commonwealths, territories, and protectorates as a whole.

42. The only seller of prescription drugs containing nabumetone in the United States could impose a significant, non-transitory price increase without losing sales sufficient to render the price increase unprofitable, as demonstrated by the Defendants' ability to charge supracompetitive prices for nabumetone during the period in which Relafen® lacked generic competition.

43. A material change in the price of nabumetone relative to that of other NSAIDs would not induce patients to switch. Other NSAIDs are not reasonably considered viable substitutes for Relafen® and generic nabumetone. Each NSAID may cause a variety of side effects, the most common of which are gastrointestinal side effects. Relafen® and generic nabumetone may produce gastrointestinal and other side effects, but in a manner and extent

which are different from, and less severe than, the gastrointestinal side effects of other NSAIDs.

44. Until approximately August 20, 2001, Defendants were the manufacturers and sellers of prescription drugs containing nabumetone in the United States. Their share of the Relevant Market was 100%.

VI. TRADE AND COMMERCE

45. Throughout the relevant period, Relafen® was sold throughout the United States. Relafen® and nabumetone were transported across state lines and sold in each of the Plaintiff States.

46. Defendants' activities, including manufacturing, marketing, distributing and selling Relafen® and nabumetone were in the regular, continuous, and substantial flow of interstate commerce, and have had, and continue to have, a substantial effect upon interstate commerce.

VII. MARKET EFFECTS

47. Defendants' illegal conduct had the purpose or effect of, or the tendency or capacity to, unreasonably restrain and injure competition by preventing the entry of generic nabumetone.

48. Absent Defendants' anticompetitive conduct, at least one generic competitor would have begun marketing a generic version of nabumetone well before August 2001.

49. If a generic competitor had been able to enter the Relevant Market and compete with Defendants, the State Governmental Entities (as payors, purchasers, and reimbursers) would have been free to substitute -- and would have substituted -- a lower-priced generic for the higher-priced brand-name drug.

50. By preventing generic competitors from entering the market, Defendants deprived Plaintiff States of the competition that the federal and state antitrust laws, consumer protection laws and/or unfair competition statutes and related state laws are designed to promote, preserve, and protect.

VIII. INJURY

51. But for Defendants' anticompetitive acts, the State Governmental Entities and Illinois consumers would have been able to purchase a generic nabumetone product at a far lower price than the monopoly prices maintained by Defendants, and beginning at an earlier time.

52. As a direct and proximate result of the unlawful conduct alleged above, Plaintiff States, including their State Governmental Entities and Illinois consumers, were not able to purchase, or pay reimbursements for purchases of, nabumetone products at prices determined by free and open competition, and consequently have been injured in their business and property in that, *inter alia*, they have paid more and continue to pay more for nabumetone products than they

would have paid in a free and open competitive market.

53. As a direct and proximate result of the unlawful conduct alleged above, Defendants have unjustly profited through inflated profit margins and have thus far retained the illegally obtained profits.

X. ALLEGATIONS UNDER FEDERAL LAW

COUNT I

(Violations of Section 2 of the Sherman Act)

54. Plaintiff States repeat each and every preceding allegation as if fully set forth herein.

55. At all relevant times, Defendants maintained monopoly power in the Relevant Market.

56. As described above, Defendants knowingly and willfully engaged in conduct designed to unlawfully obtain and extend their monopoly power in the Relevant Market. These actions included, among others, (i) intentionally submitting false patent information to the FDA; (ii) intentionally submitting fraudulent statements to, and omitting material facts from, the PTO; (iii) prosecuting baseless, sham patent litigation against the Generic Manufacturers; and (iv) maintaining sham defenses to the counterclaims by the Generic Manufacturers.

57. Defendants' Infringement Actions were objectively baseless due to, *inter alia*, the presence of the Chatterjea & Prasad publication, and therefore constituted sham litigation. Further, the purpose of Defendants' notification in bringing the actions was to directly interfere with the ability of the Generic Manufacturers to market less expensive generic versions of Relafen® to compete with the brand-name product.

58. Defendants' illegally created and maintained monopoly power in the Relevant

Market in violation of Section 2 of the Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2.

59. Defendants' conduct in unlawfully obtaining and maintaining a monopoly in the market for Relafen® and nabumetone injured the Plaintiff States in their business or property. Plaintiff States, including State Governmental Entities, were deprived of the ability to purchase less expensive, generic versions of Relafen® and paid higher prices for nabumetone-based products than they would have paid, absent Defendants' unlawful conduct.

60. Defendants' anticompetitive and unlawful conduct alleged herein has injured competition in the Relevant Market by obtaining and maintaining their power to exclude competitors, reduce output, charge monopoly prices, reap monopoly profits and otherwise thwart competition in the Relevant Market.

COUNT II
(Unjust Enrichment)

61. Plaintiff States repeat each and every preceding allegation as if fully set forth herein.

62. As a result of their unlawful conduct described above, Defendants have been and will continue to be unjustly enriched. Defendants' unlawful acts include improperly listing their patent in the *Orange Book*; submitting fraudulent misrepresentations to, and concealing material facts from the PTO; filing and pursuing baseless patent infringement actions; and maintaining baseless defenses to counterclaims at the expense of the Plaintiff States and Illinois consumers.

63. The overcharges and unlawful monopoly profits derived by Defendants through charging supracompetitive and artificially inflated prices for Relafen® are the direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful practices.

64. The financial benefits derived by Defendants rightfully belong in substantial part to the Plaintiff States and Illinois consumers.

65. It would be inequitable and unjust for Defendants to be permitted to retain any of the unlawful proceeds resulting from their fraudulent, illegal, and inequitable conduct.

66. Defendants should be compelled to disgorge all unlawful or inequitable proceeds received by them. A constructive trust should be imposed upon all unlawful or inequitable sums received by Defendants traceable to Plaintiff States and Illinois consumers.

SUPPLEMENTAL STATE LAW CLAIMS

67. Defendants' conduct described herein constitutes unlawful acts of monopolization and attempts to monopolize, as well as prohibited practices and unconscionable conduct under the antitrust and/or unfair and deceptive trade practices acts of the Plaintiff States, as set forth below.

68. Plaintiff States seek damages, multiple damages, treble damages, and other damages as permitted by state law, for their injuries caused by these violations pursuant to federal and state law as set forth below. Plaintiff States also seek a declaratory judgment that Defendants' conduct in seeking to prevent competition through the use of the invalid '639 Patent is unlawful. Plaintiff States further seek equitable and injunctive relief to correct for the anti-competitive market effects and other harms to purchasers caused by the unlawful conduct of Defendants, and other relief so as to assure that similar conduct does not occur in the future.

69. Plaintiff State of Arkansas repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

70. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Arkansas is entitled to relief under, the Arkansas Deceptive Trade Practices Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 4-88-101 *et seq.* and the Arkansas Unfair Practices Act, Ark. Code Ann. §§ 4-75-201, *et. seq.*, 4-75-301, *et. seq.*

71. Plaintiff State of Delaware repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

72. Defendants' acts violate, and/or Plaintiff State of Delaware is entitled to relief under, the Delaware Antitrust Act, 6 *Del.C.* § 2101 *et seq.*, the Delaware Consumer Fraud Act, 6 *Del.C.* § 2511 *et seq.*, and the Uniform Deceptive Trade Practices Act, 6 *Del.C.* § 2511 *et seq.*

73. Plaintiff State of Idaho repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

74. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Idaho is entitled to relief under the Idaho Competition Act, *Idaho Code §§ 48-101 et seq.*

75. Plaintiff State of Illinois repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

76. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Illinois is entitled to relief under the Illinois Antitrust Act, 740 ILCS 10/1 *et seq.*, including without limitation 740 ILCS 10/3(3). The Illinois Attorney General possesses authority to settle and release consumer claims in a parens patriae or other representative capacity. This authority to represent consumers has been judicially recognized, and the functional equivalent of parens patriae authority has been expressly conferred by the state legislature.

75. Plaintiff State of Louisiana repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

76. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Louisiana is entitled to relief under the LSA R.S. 51:122 *et seq.*; 51:1401 *et seq.*

77. Plaintiff State of Maryland repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

78. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Maryland is entitled to relief under the Maryland Antitrust Act, Md. Com. Law Code Ann. § 11-201, *et seq.* (2000).

79. Plaintiff State of Oregon repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

80. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Oregon is entitled to relief under the Oregon Antitrust Act, ORS 646.705, *et seq.*

81. Plaintiff State of South Dakota repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

82. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of South Dakota is entitled to relief under, S.D. Codified Laws ch. 37-1.

83. Plaintiff State of Texas repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

84. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Texas is entitled to relief under the Texas Free Enterprise and Antitrust Act, Texas Business and Commerce Code § 15.01, *et seq.*"

85. Plaintiff State of Washington repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68.

86. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Washington is entitled to relief under, Wash. Rev. Code 19.86 RCW.

87. Plaintiff State of Wisconsin repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraph 1 through 68.

88. Defendants' acts violate, and Plaintiff State of Wisconsin is entitled to relief under, Wis. Stat. § 133.03 and Wis. Stat. §§ 133.16-18

(Additional supplemental State law claims and statutory authority to be added)

RELIEF REQUESTED

Accordingly, the Plaintiff States pray that this Court:

89. Adjudge and decree that Defendants engaged in conduct in violation of Section 2 of the Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2.

90. Adjudge and decree that Defendants engaged in conduct in violation of the state statutes and state laws set forth in this Complaint;

91. Enjoin and restrain, pursuant to federal and state law, Defendants, their affiliates, assignees, subsidiaries, successors and transferees, and the officers, directors, partners, agents and employees, and all other persons acting or claiming to act on their behalf or in concert with them, from engaging in any conduct and from adopting any practice, plan, program or device having a similar purpose or effect to the anticompetitive actions set forth above;

92. Award the Plaintiff States all damages sustained by and permitted to be recovered by the States (as direct purchasers, assignees of direct purchasers or as indirect purchasers) and for all additional damages, penalties and other monetary relief provided by applicable law, including treble damages;

93. Award Plaintiff States such other equitable relief, including, but not limited to, restitution and disgorgement, as the Court finds necessary to redress Defendants' violations of federal and state law;

94. Award Plaintiff State of Illinois all damages sustained by its consumers, and all additional damages, penalties and other monetary relief provided by applicable law, including treble damages.

95. Award to each Plaintiff State the maximum civil penalties allowed by law;

96. Directing such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

Plaintiff States demand a trial by jury.

DATED: February ____, 2005

Respectfully submitted,

PLAINTIFF STATES

STATE OF MARYLAND
J. JOSEPH CURRAN, JR.
Attorney General
Ellen S. Cooper
Chief, Antitrust Division

Meredyth Smith Andrus
Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust Division
200 St. Paul Street
Baltimore, Maryland 21202
Telephone: 410-576-6470

STATE OF ARKANSAS
MIKE BEEBE
Attorney General of Arkansas
Bradford J. Phelps
Assistant Attorney General
Attorney for the State of Arkansas
323 Center Street, Suite 200
Little Rock, Arkansas 72201
Telephone: 501-682-3625

STATE OF IDAHO
LAWRENCE G. WASDEN
Attorney General
Brett T. DeLange
Deputy Attorney General
Consumer Protection Unit
Office of the Attorney General
Attorney for the State of Idaho
Len B. Jordan Building
650 W. State St., Lower Level
P. O. Box 83720
Boise, Idaho 83720-0010
Telephone: 208-334-2424

STATE OF ILLINOIS
LISA MADIGAN
Attorney General
Robert W. Pratt
Chief, Antitrust Bureau
Attorney for the State of Illinois
Office of the Attorney General
100 W. Randolph Street, 13th Floor
Chicago, Illinois 60601
Telephone: 312-814-3722

STATE OF OREGON
HARDY MYERS
Attorney General
Michelle Teed
Assistant Attorney General
Attorney for the State of Oregon

Oregon Department of Justice
1162 Court Street NE
Salem, Oregon 97301
Telephone: 503-947-4333

STATE OF WASHINGTON
CHRISTINE O. GREGOIRE
Attorney General
Tina E. Kondo
Senior Assistant Attorney General
Antitrust Division Chief
Antitrust Division
Attorney for the State of Washington
900 Fourth Avenue, Suite 2000
Seattle, Washington 98164
Telephone: (206) 464-7589

**(ADDITIONAL COUNSEL FOR
PLAINTIFF STATES)**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN RE RELAFEN ANTITRUST
LITIGATION

)
) Master File
) No. 01-CV-12239-WGY
)

STATE OF MARYLAND, et al.,

) 04 11726 WGY
)

Plaintiffs

)

v.

)

SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORPORATION

)

and

)

SMITHKLINE BEECHAM PLC,

)

Defendants.

)

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

AND NOW, this ____ day of February, 2005, upon review of the Settlement Agreement by and among the Parties, it is hereby ORDERED as follows:

1. The Court finds that the Settlement Fund is a "qualified settlement fund" as defined in section 1.468B-1(c) of the Treasury Regulations in that it satisfies each of the following requirements:

(a) The Settlement Fund is established pursuant to an order of this Court and is subject to the continuing jurisdiction of this Court;

(b) The Settlement Fund is established to resolve or satisfy one or more claims that have resulted or may result from an event that has occurred and that has given rise to at least one claim asserting liabilities, and

(c) The assets of the Settlement Fund are segregated from other assets of GSK, the transferor of payments to the Settlement Fund, and the Settlement Administrator.

2. Under the “relation-back” rule provided under section 1.468B-1(j)(2)(i) of the Treasury Regulations, the Court finds that:

(a) The Settlement Fund met the requirements of paragraphs 1(b) and 1(c) of this Order prior to the date of this Order approving the establishment of the Settlement Fund subject to the continued jurisdiction of this Court; and

(b) GSK and the Settlement Administrator may jointly elect to treat the Settlement Fund as coming into existence as a “qualified settlement fund” on the later of the date the Settlement Fund met the requirements of paragraphs 1(b) and 1(c) of this order or January 1 of the calendar year in which all of the requirements of paragraph 1 of this Order are met. If such relation-back election is made, the assets held by the Settlement Fund on such date shall be treated as having been transferred to the Settlement Fund on that date.

3. All claims in Civil Action No. 04-11726 WGY are DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE. Each party is to bear its own costs.

SO ORDERED:

William G. Young
Chief Judge